#### US DOE PEER REVIEW

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# Long Island Bus Sodium Sulfur Battery Storage Project

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This project is part of the Joint Energy Storage Initiative between the New York State Energy Research and Development Authority (NYSERDA) and the Energy Storage Systems Program of the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE/ESS), and managed by Sandia National Laboratories (SNL).

#### LI Bus Issues

LIPA Tariff	Time	Energy (\$/kWh)	Demand W/month)
I, off peak	Mid-7am	\$ 0.0440	\$ 
	June - Sep Mon – Sat		
II, peak	10am -10pm	\$ 0.0762	\$ 34.350
III, intermediate	All other	\$ 0.0737	\$ 3.420

- Peak demand charge for four months of the year:\$34.35/kW plus fuel surcharge
- Current 3—shift operation
- High electric bills and administrative charges

#### Project Goals and Objectives

- Achieve cost savings by eliminating third shift while avoiding peak demand charges
- Increase back up power for the entire facility
- Reduce peak demand on the heavily loaded utility grid
- Demonstrate long term, commercial environment, high efficiency energy storage operation

#### **Battery Storage Solution**

1.0 MW, 6.5 MW-hr NGK NaS battery



#### Why NaS?

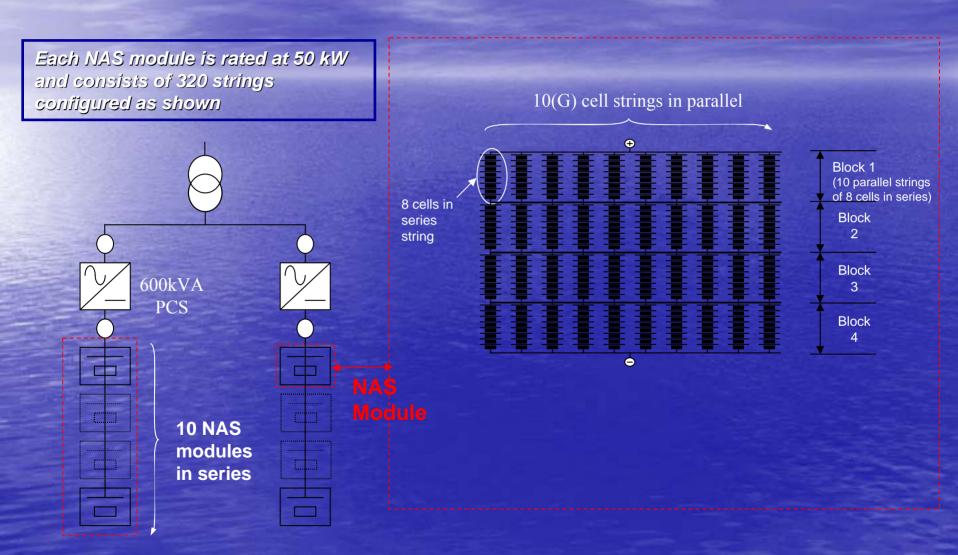
#### Advantages over DG and other Batteries:

- Ease of Operation & Maintenance
  - No moving parts, long service life
- Minimal Environmental Impact
  - No emissions, silent
- Versatility
  - Peak-shaving, load-leveling, and PQ mitigation
- Relatively Small Foot print
  - High efficiency, energy and power density

#### **NAS Battery Characteristics**

Characteristics	Individual NaS Cell	NaS G50 Battery Modules		
Nominal Voltage (dc)	2	64 or 128		
Operating Temperature	290 to 360°C			
Cell Arrangement		(8s x 5p) x 8s or		
("s" series; "p" parallel)	Single	(8s x 10p) x 4s		
		Internal fuse within		
Electrical Protection	NA	each 8s string		
Rated AC Capacity	628 Ah	360 kWh ac		
Rated AC Power	NA	50 kW ac		
Projected Calendar & Cycle Life	15 years: 4500 to 90%, 2500 to 100% DOD cycles			
Avg DC Efficiency, %	90	85		
Standby Heat Loss, kW	NA	3.4		
	515L x 91Φ	2,270W x 1,740D x 720H		
Dimensions, mm (in)	(20.3L x 3.6Ф)	(89.4W x 68.5D x 28.4H)		
Weight, kg (lb)	5.5 (12.1)	3500 (7920)		

#### 1MW NAS Module Configuration



#### Site Description

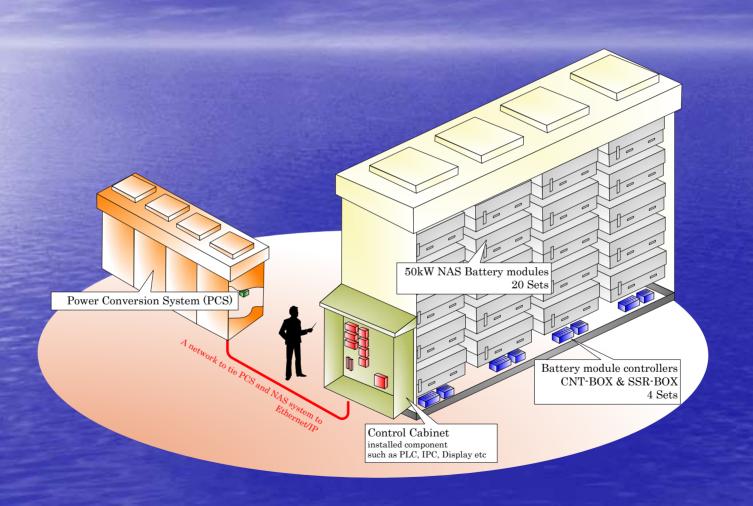
- Natural gas refueling station for 220 buses
- 3 x 600 HP compressor load
- Dedicated LIPA feeder



#### LI Bus Gas Compressor Site



#### NAS Battery System Overview



#### Scope of Work

- Battery modules and enclosure
- Power Conditioning System (PCS)
- Integration of PCS with the battery system
- Balance of Plant (BOP) equipment and enclosures
- System interconnection and integration with the grid and load
- Installation, startup, training and commissioning
- Documentation and O&M manuals
- O&M and performance warranty during 18 month demonstration period

#### Project Team

- NYPA Overall project implementation
- MTA/Long Island Bus Host site, end user
- NGK Insulators, Inc. NaS battery manufacturer
- ABB PCS, Controls, Design and Installation
- DOE/NYSERDA Performance monitoring
- EPRI Technical assistance, technology transfer
- LIPA Grid Integration, technical assistance

#### **Budget & Cofunding**

Total Project Cost: \$3,850,000

DOE/NYSERDA \$1,000,000

EPRI\* \$585,000

CEATI/NRCAN \$52,000

LIPA \$200,000+

APPA \$75,000

\$1,912,000

<sup>\*</sup> The following utilities are providing cofunding through EPRI: Con Ed, PSE&G, NYISO, FirstEnergy Corp., Hydro One, Hydro-Québec, SDG&E, Southern Company, TVA

#### Project Installation Snapshots











#### **Battery Module**



- Comprised of 320 individual battery cells
- Picture shows cover removed
- Variable series and parallel arrays to yield module DC voltages of 64 or 128 V
- Sand packing used between the cells for structure and heat sink
- Thermal management using electric heaters and vacuum insulation to maintain a minimum operating temperature of 290°C
- Standby loads about 3.4 kW when not in operation





# PCS Units A WARNING WARNING

#### System Performance Monitoring

(Data Management will be provided by DOE)

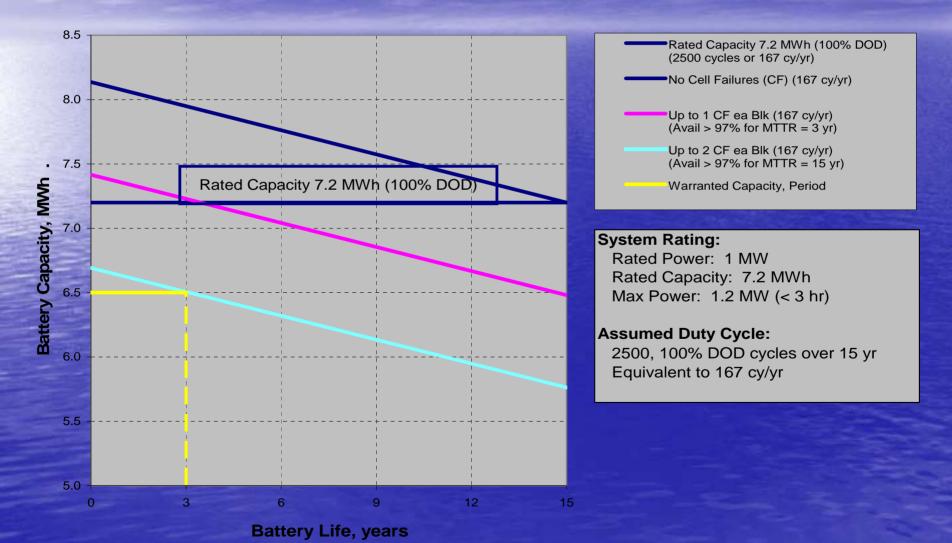
- System operating state durations
- AC voltage and current
- DC voltage, current, state of charge, and internal temperatures
- Ambient temperatures
- Auxiliary loads
- System response times to changes in operating conditions
- Energy and power into and out of the system for each AC phase in the system

### System Performance Monitoring (continued)

- System loads
- System duty cycle count
- System failures and problems
- System conversion efficiencies during full and part-load operation
- Losses during periods of standby
- System response to abnormal events
- Data uploaded daily to central server
- All data time stamped to 1 second, with 15 minute averaging

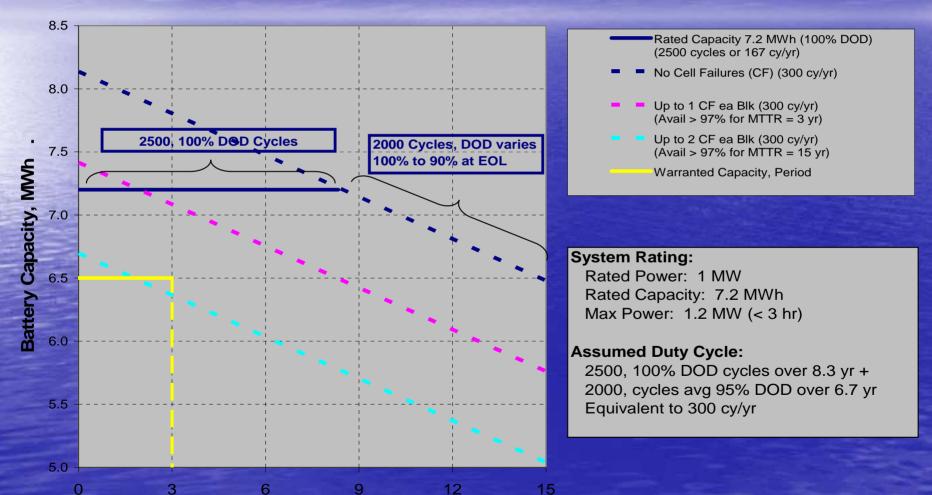
# Expected System Performance (light cycle)

Chart A: NAS Battery Expected Performance at 167 Cycles per Year



# Expected System Performance (heavy cycle)

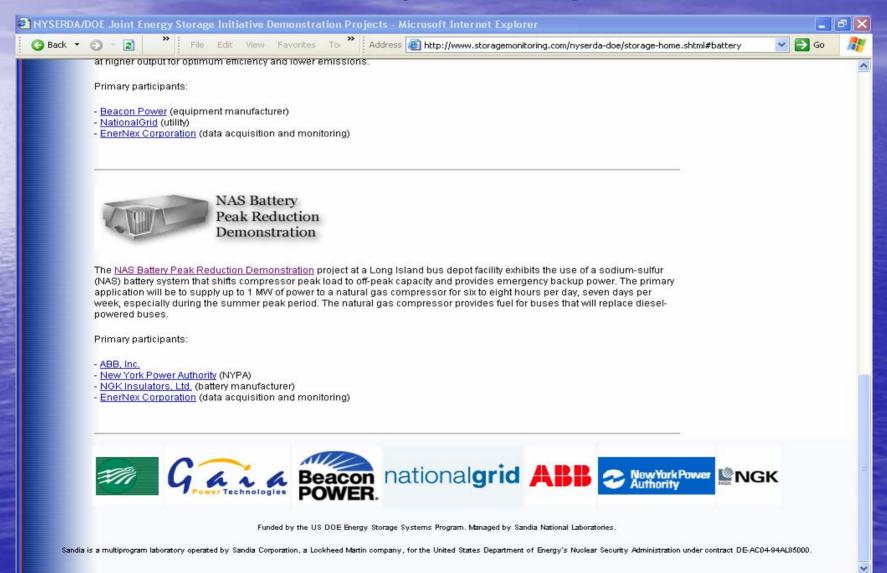
Chart B: NAS Battery Expected Performance at 300 Cycles per Year



**Battery Life, years** 

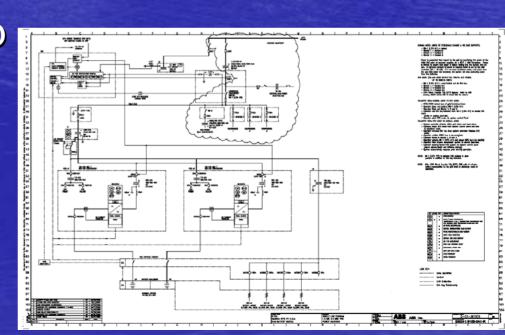
#### Public Information Website

#### www.storagemonitoring.com



#### Interconnection Issues

- Keyspan review
- Grounding transformer
- Redundant GE F60 relay
- Direct Transfer Trip



# Emergency Power Supply and Backup Power Issues

- PCS units will not operate in parallel
- PCS units not configured to handle compressor motor surge current
- Compressor start and load test analysis underway to determine options
- Backup power for battery thermal management system

#### Current Project Status

- Batteries, PCS and BOP installed
- Grounding transformer specified, to be installed by December
- Direct Transfer Trip specified, to be installed by November
- Initiate system start up in December
- Initiate monitoring in January
- Monitoring period is 18 months

# THANK YOU